

Installation temperature: -15°C - + 55°C.

NB: High temperatures accelerate polymerization and vice versa.

• PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

CAST IN CLEAN
AND DRY
CASINGS

Before cross-linking the product is liquid and must therefore be used in enclosures/boxes/accessories without holes or cracks.

Before opening and mixing the components, make sure that the casings are clean and dry, free from scraps, dust or residues that may inhibit the correct cross-linking.

Latex, heavy metal salts, amines, sulphides and derivatives, catalysts of epoxy resins may inhibit crosslinking.

STAINS

The product is difficult to remove in case of accidental spill on clothes, floors and surfaces, especially if porous.

CLEANING
STAINS ON
FLOOR:

If accidentally spilled on the floor **BEFORE CROSS-LINKING:**

it is suggested to collect the liquid product with a rag, clean rubbing well with normal floor cleaner (for domestic use, but strong type) and possibly finish cleaning with a suitable chlorinated solvent, trieline type (trichloroethylene);

If accidentally spilled on the floor **AFTER CROSS-LINKING:**

it is suggested to remove the gel with a spatula, then clean with normal floor cleaner (for domestic use, but strong type), and possibly finish cleaning with a rag or sponge, better if hard and wrinkled, soaked in a suitable chlorinated solvent, type triylene (trichloroethylene);

based on experience trieline (trichloroethylene) products, when available on the market, are suitable for cleaning the product, but should be used with due caution according to the instructions of the supplier.

• EXPOSURE TO CHEMICALS OF CROSSLINKED PRODUCT

Salt, salty water, etc.	Have no adverse effects.
Sea water or chlorine environments (swimming pools etc)	Have no adverse effects.
Inorganic acids in water solutions	Have no adverse effects.
Strong, pure acids or alkaline (not in solution)	The exposition has to be avoided, especially at high temperature.
Alkaline solutions and vinegar	Could bring, after a long exposition, to a softening of the external surface.
Solutions of hydrocarbons in water	Could give, after a long exposition at quit high temperatures, the hardening of the external surface of the products; of course, nothing happens for temporary expositions.
Strong and undiluted hydrocarbons (pure)	Permanent immersion in strong and pure hydrocarbons has to be avoided.